

1 a or an? the /ə/ or the /iː/?

A, an and the are articles. We use a before consonant sounds (b, d, k, t, s, etc.): a café, a tourist, a museum

• AND before u or eu when they sound like /j/ (as in you): a uniform, a European city

We use an before vowel sounds (a, e, i, o, u): an interesting book, an unusual job

• AND before words that begin with a silent h: an hour /ən auə/

We pronounce *the* with /ə/ before consonant sounds: *the book, the tourist* Before vowel sounds we pronounce *the* with /iː/: *the art gallery, the English teacher*

Pronunciation ➤ 1.03

2 General or particular meaning?

We use *a*/*an* or no article when we are talking about things in general:

a/an + SINGULAR NOUN	no article + PLURAL NOUN	no article + UNCOUNTABLE NOUN
Is there a café here?	Sandwiches aren't expensive.	I don't like music.
(any kind of café)	(sandwiches in general, all sandwiches)	(music in general, all music)

We use *the* to talk about something particular:

the + SINGULAR NOUN	the + PLURAL NOUN	the + UNCOUNTABLE NOUN
Yes, the café's on the ground floor. (there is only one café here)	Did you get the sandwiches? (we know which sandwiches)	I don't like the music on that CD. (only the music on the CD, not music in general)

We don't use the when we are talking about things in general:

★ Is there the cash machine near here?
★ I prefer the films to the books.
✓ I prefer films to books.

3 New information or known information?

We use a/an or no article when we mention something for the first time.

We use the when we mention it again:

I've just bought a new suit. It's the grey suit we saw in the shop window last week.

'Carla asked her teacher for advice.' 'Really? Was the advice useful?'

'Have they filled in entry forms?' 'Yes, I've got the forms here.'

We use *the* when the listener knows which particular person or thing the speaker is talking about:

It was a great holiday. Have you seen the photos yet? (the photos of the holiday)