91 Phrasal verbs

The Canadians are **falling behind** now but the Danish boat is just **keeping up with** the Slovakians. Can they **turn** the race **round** and win the gold medal?

1 Two-part phrasal verbs

A phrasal verb is a verb + adverb/preposition (e.g. fill in, take off): Could you fill in this form and return it to us by post? Don't take your coat off – we're going shopping now.

Phrasal verbs are similar to prepositional verbs, but the word order is sometimes different.In prepositional verbs, the preposition comes immediately after the verb and before

- the object: She's looking after the children. She's looking after them.
- In phrasal verbs, the adverb/preposition can come AFTER the noun object, and it ALWAYS comes after a pronoun object:

Did you look up that word? Did	you look that word	<i>up?</i> Did you look it up?
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Section States	VERB	+ NOUN OBJECT	+ PRONOUN OBJECT
prepositional verb	work for (be employed by)	I work for Gerald Bryant & Sons. X I work Gerald Bryant & Sons for.	I work for them. X I work them for.
	take to (like)	I took to my teacher immediately. X I took my teacher to immediately:	I took to her. X I took her to.
phrasal verb	work out (solve)	I've worked out the solution. I've worked the solution out.	X I've worked out it. I've worked it out.
	take off (remove)	He took off his boots. He took his boots off.	X He took off them. He took them off.

You can work out from a good dictionary whether a verb is prepositional or phrasal. Look at the position of the object (*sth*) in these dictionary entries:

take to sth to start to like someone or something. Sandra took to it straight away. (prepositional)

take sth off to remove a piece of clothing. He sat on the bed to take his boots off. (phrasal)

A lot of two-part phrasal verbs are intransitive – they don't have an object: *Come in, we're almost ready. The plane took off nearly three hours late.* (= left) We often use them in exclamations:

Look out! There's a car coming! Hurry up! The taxi's here. Go on, I'm listening.

▲ We don't use an object with intransitive phrasal verbs: X The plane took off the runway.

2 Three-part phrasal verbs

There are also some phrasal verbs which have an adverb and a preposition (e.g. *look forward to, keep up with, cut down on*). We don't separate the parts of these verbs:

▲ ✓ I'm looking forward to my holiday.
X I'm looking forward my holiday to: X I'm looking my holiday forward to.