STAGE II

Profiles of Ability Across Stage II Reading

terms

CLB 5	CLB 6	CLB 7	CLB 8
Initial Intermediate Ability	Developing Intermediate Ability	Adequate Intermediate Ability	Fluent Intermediate Ability
The reader can:	The reader can:	The reader can:	The reader can:
Understand simple and some moderately complex texts in predictable, practical and relevant social, educational and work-related situations.	Understand an adequate range of moderately complex texts in predictable, practical and relevant social, educational and work-related situations.	Understand an expanding range of moderately complex texts in less predictable but relevant social, educational and work-related situations.	Understand most moderately complex texts in less predictable but relevant social, educational and work-related situations.
When the text is:	When the text is:	When the text is:	When the text is:
 Mostly concrete, factual and descriptive With mostly common and some abstract or specialized vocabulary and occasional high-frequency idioms 	 Mostly concrete, factual and descriptive With mostly common and some abstract or specialized vocabulary and occasional idioms 	 Factual, descriptive or argumentative; with opinions, explicit and implied meanings With concrete, abstract or specialized vocabulary, and 	 Factual, descriptive or argumentative; with opinions, explicit and implied meanings With a range of concrete, abstract and specialized
 Sometimes supported by visuals 	• Occasionally supported by visuals	some idioms • Moderate in length • In moderately demanding contexts	vocabulary and idiomatic languageModerate in lengthIn moderately demanding contexts
 Relatively short In moderately demanding contexts 	 Relatively short In moderately demanding contexts 		
Demonstrating these strengths and limitations:	Demonstrating these strengths and limitations:	Demonstrating these strengths and limitations:	Demonstrating these strengths and limitations:
 Identifies purpose, main ideas, important details and links between paragraphs Finds some information to make comparisons Occasionally guesses the meaning of unknown terms, phrases and idioms from the context without a dictionary Often rereads and needs clarification Comprehension is based on knowledge of basic grammar and some developing understanding of complex sentences and structures Identifies some different styles and registers Uses a bilingual dictionary regularly; begins to use a concise unilingual ESL 	 Identifies purpose, main ideas, specific factual details and some implied meanings Finds specific, detailed information for comparing and contrasting Sometimes guesses the meaning of unknown terms, phrases or idioms from the context without a dictionary May reread and ask for clarification Comprehension is based on a developing understanding of complex sentences and structures Identifies an expanding range of different styles and registers Uses a concise unilingual ESL dictionary regularly 	 Identifies purpose, main ideas, specific details and many implied meanings Finds, integrates, compares and contrasts information Often guesses the meaning of unknown terms, phrases and idioms from the context Comprehension is based on a developing understanding of an increasing range of complex sentences and structures Identifies a range of different styles and registers Uses a unilingual dictionary to confirm and refine interpretation of unknown terms 	 Identifies purpose, main ideas, specific details and implied meanings, as well as mood, attitude and register Finds, integrates, compares, contrasts and analyzes information Usually guesses the meaning of unknown terms, phrases and idioms from the context, but often requires clarification of less common idioms, cultural references and figures of speech Comprehension is based on an understanding of an adequate range of complex sentences and structures Identifies a wide range of different styles and registers Uses a unilingual dictionary