# Speaking – Benchmark 11



## III. Getting Things Done

• Negotiate mutually agreeable solutions to problems.

[Communication may be related to high-stakes situations where clarity and diplomacy have an impact on the outcome.]

- Negotiates concessions or solutions.
- Provides required details.
- Uses a variety of persuasive techniques to obtain agreement (such as evidence, logical arguments and ethical and emotional appeals).
- Demonstrates strengths and limitations typical of Speaking Benchmark 11, as listed in the Profile of Ability.

#### **Sample Tasks**

Negotiate a concession from an academic or business partner through logical argumentation.

Negotiate a business contract with a supplier at work.

Negotiate a mutually agreeable concession in a marital dispute.

Negotiate a resolution to a conflict between neighbours, such as a disagreement about loud music or about building a fence between 2 properties.

### IV. Sharing Information

- Ask for, give and discuss detailed complex information to solve problems, make decisions, supervise, motivate or discipline someone or evaluate performance.
  - Provides detailed information as needed.
  - Obtains, synthesizes, organizes and presents information as needed.
  - Expresses and qualifies opinions, feelings and doubts.
  - Clarifies issues of discussions.
  - Helps brainstorm or reach a consensus, decision and solution to a problem.
  - Sums up consensus, decision and solution reached or not reached.
- Adjusts language for clarity and uses appropriate non-verbal cues and signals.
- Inquires about and discusses implications and consequences.
- Comments on perceived strengths, gaps and weaknesses in concepts.
- Give expository or argumentative presentations at symposia or conferences to explain complex concepts on known (through areas of expertise) or researched non-personal, abstract topics.

[Length of presentation is dictated by the requirements of the task.]

- States the thesis and proposition, and develops a logical line of argumentation.
- Organizes, supports, sequences and connects complex information and ideas.
- Explains by using details, scenarios, statistics, reasons, causes and effects, statistics, testimonies, illustrations, graphs, etc.
- Presents pro and con arguments.
- Demonstrates logical relationships between parts of the discourse.
- Meets the needs of diverse audiences.
- Responds to comments, questions and objections; adds information and elaborates.
- Demonstrates very good control, flexibility and a range of linguistic forms.
- Demonstrates strengths and limitations typical of Speaking Benchmark 11, as listed in the Profile of Ability.

#### **Sample Tasks**

As a supervisor, discuss an employee's achievements in a formal performance evaluation with the employee.

In a seminar or symposium, present detailed arguments for or against Senate reform.

Give a presentation at a symposium or conference, such as a community-organized alternative G20 economic conference.

Oppose or support a business decision, such as laying off or hiring more staff, or cutting or raising pay.